Formula Sheet

Standardized Normal Data

$$z = \frac{\text{statistic} - \text{parameter}}{\text{standard deviation of the statistic}}$$

Least Squares Regression Line

$$y = mx + (\bar{y} - m\bar{x})$$
 where $m = r\frac{s_y}{s_x}$

Addition & Multiplication Rule

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$
 $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)^*$
* only if A and B are independent

Standard Deviations for Sample Means and Sample Proportions

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\sigma_{\hat{p}} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$$

One Sample Inference for Proportions

$$\hat{p} \pm z^* \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}$$
 Should have at least 15 successes and 15 failures
$$z = \frac{\hat{p} - p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0(1-p_0)}{n}}}$$
 Should have $np_0 \ge 10$ and $n(1-p_0)$

Two Sample Inference for Proportions

$$(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) \pm z^* \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1(1 - \hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2(1 - \hat{p}_2)}{n_2}}$$
Should have at least 10 successes and 10 failures in each group
$$z = \frac{\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2}{\sqrt{\hat{p}(1 - \hat{p})\left(\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}\right)}}$$
Should have 5 successes and 5 failures in each group
$$(\hat{p} \text{ is the pooled proportion})$$

One Sample Inference for Means

$$\bar{x} \pm t^* \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$
 $t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{s/\sqrt{n}}$ $dF = n - 1$

Works best if the sample size is large (at least 30) or there is very little skew and no outliers in the sample.

Two Sample Inference for Means

$$(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) \pm t^* \sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}} \qquad t = \frac{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}} \qquad dF = \min(n_1, n_2) - 1$$

Works best if the samples are large $(n_1 + n_2 \ge 30)$ or there is very little skew and no outliers in either sample.

χ^2 Test for Association

$$dF = (\#rows - 1)(\#columns - 1)$$

Works best if there are at least 5 observations in each cell of the two-way table.