Practice Final Exam - Math 140

1. Find the intervals of increase/decrease for $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 6x^2$.

2. Use the logarithm rules to simplify, then differentiate $y = \ln\left(\frac{x}{(x+4)^2}\right)$.

3. Find a formula for the linear function f(x) with f(0) = -1 and f(3) = 5.

- 4. The graph of a function y = g(x) is shown. Use the graph to find the following.
 (a) What are the roots of g(x)?
 - (b) What is g(-1)?



(c) Is g'(-1) positive, negative, or zero?

5. Solve
$$\frac{1}{x} - \frac{2}{x+4} = 0.$$

6. Find the following derivatives.

(a)
$$\frac{d}{dx} x^{1/5}$$
 (b) $\frac{d}{dx} e^{(x^2+3x)}$

(c)
$$\frac{d}{dx}\frac{x+5}{x^2-4}$$
 (d) $\frac{d}{dx}x^2e^x$

7. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the local max of $f(x, y) = 9 - x^2 - y^2 + 6y$.

8. What is the slope of the tangent line to $h(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x$ at the point (3, -3)?

9. Find the differential of $y = e^x$ at x = 0 when dx = 0.1 and use it to estimate the value of $e^{0.1}$.

10. Simplify $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{50})^2$. Remember: Powers don't distribute to terms!

11. Find the absolute maximum and minimum y-values of the function $y = x + \frac{100}{x}$ on the interval [5, 25].

12. Suppose that the population of a town is growing by 5% per year and the current population is 10,000, so the formula for the population after t years is

$$P(t) = 10,000(1.05)^t.$$

How long will it be until the population of the town reaches 30,000 people? It is okay to write your answer as a formula using logarithms.

13. Solve $2e^{5x} = 64$.

14. A fruit importer will sell q(p) = 800 - 20p boxes of fruit when the price of a box is p dollars. What price would maximize the fruit importer's revenue?

- 15. Calculate the following logarithms.
 - (a) $\log_3(9)$

(b)
$$\log_2\left(\frac{8}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

16. Find the partial derivatives (both f_x and f_y) for $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^4 + 2xy^3$.

17. The production level at a factory is $Q(x, y) = 40x^{0.25}y^{0.75}$ where x is hours of labor and y is capital expenditure. Find the partial derivatives of Q when x = 100 and y = 100.

18. A box with a square bottom and an open top needs to have exactly 4 cubic feet of volume. Find the dimensions of the box with the smallest possible surface area. Recall that the volume of a box is $V = x^2 y$ where x is the length and width and y is the height. The surface area is $S = 4xy + x^2$.